Multiple disadvantage and government spending



We help New Zealanders to help themselves to be safe, strong and independent Ko ta mātou he whakamana tangata kia tū haumaru, kia tū kaha, kia tū motuhake



Stats NZ Disclaimer

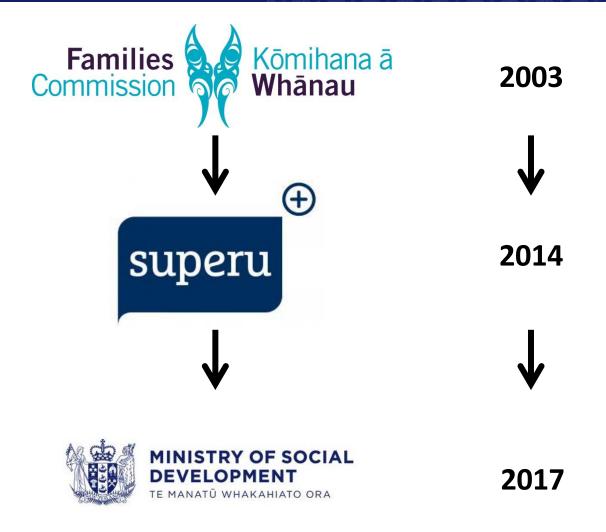
The results in this report are not official statistics. They have been created for research purposes from the Integrated Data Infrastructure (IDI) managed by Statistics NZ. The opinions, findings, recommendations and conclusions expressed in this report are those of the authors, not Statistics NZ.

Access to the anonymised data used in this study was provided by Statistics NZ in accordance with security and confidentiality provisions of the Statistics Act 1975. Only people authorised by the Statistics Act 1975 are allowed to see data about a particular person, household, business or organisation, and the results in this report have been confidentialised to protect these groups from identification.

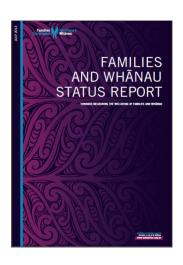
Careful consideration has been given to the privacy, security and confidentiality issues associated with using administrative and survey data in the IDI. Further detail can be found in the privacy impact assessment for the Integrated Data Infrastructure, available from www.stats.gov.nz

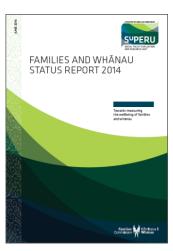


Families and whānau wellbeing research programme - moves to MSD

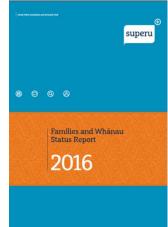


Families and whānau status report











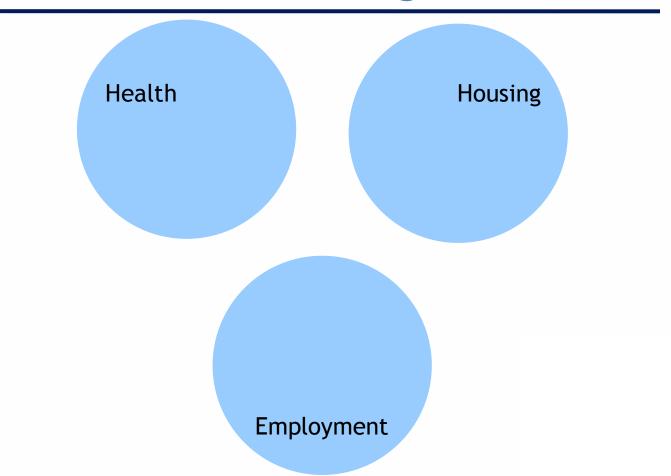


2018 Status Report chapters Coming 29 June

- Health and NZ families
- Multiple disadvantage extension work
- Wellbeing of sole parents
- Overview Māori housing and wellbeing
- Māori perceptions of housing quality
- Using whānau rangatiratanga framework to inform evaluation of E tu Whānau



What is multiple disadvantage?

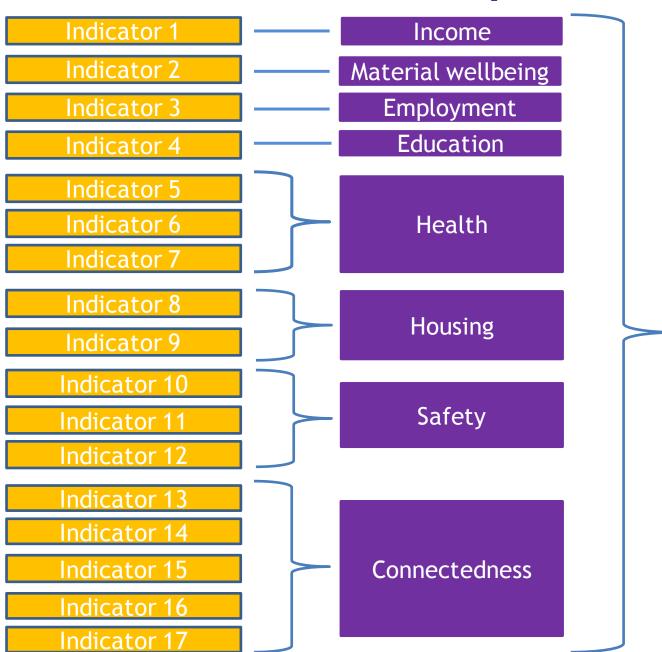


How we made our measure

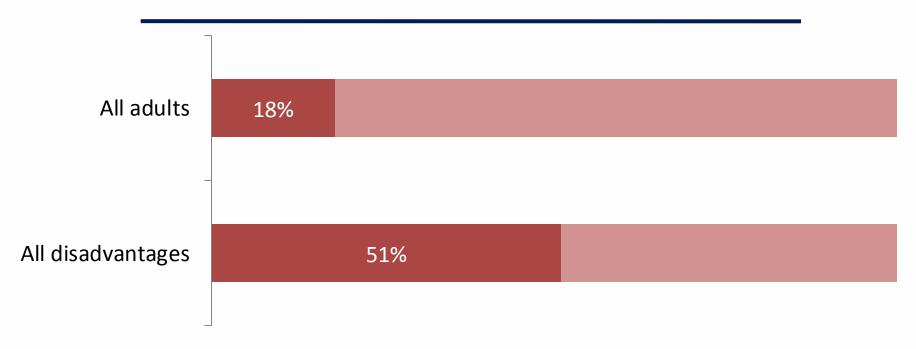
Literature



Our measure of multiple disadvantage



Multiple disadvantage = disadvantage in 3 or more domains



■ Multiple disadvantage



Spending areas

- Income support
- Pensions
- Public health care
- Formal education/training (except ECE)
- Justice/corrections

Figure 4 _ Average government expenditure for respondents to the 2014 General Social Survey in the 12 months after the survey, by number domains in disadvantage

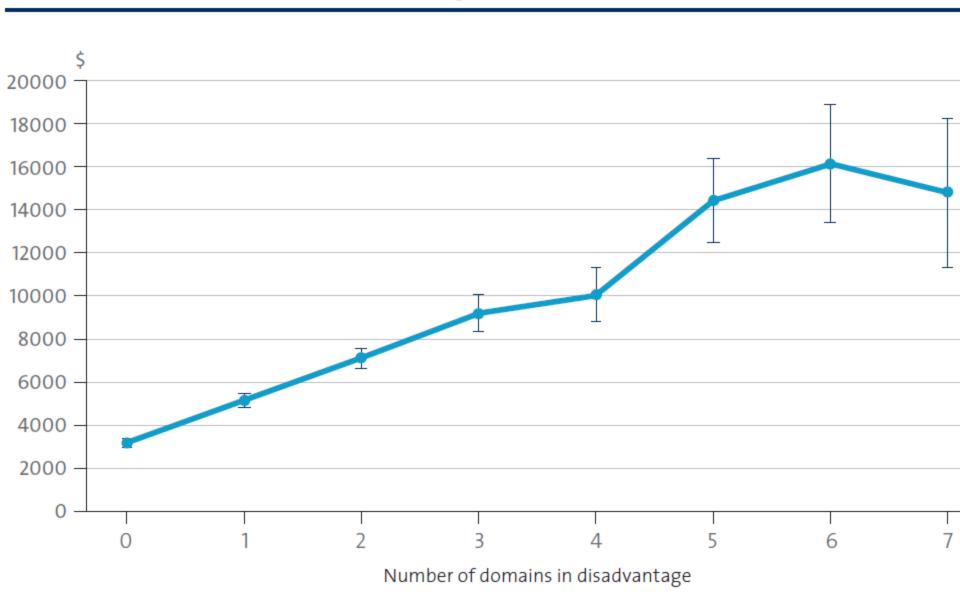
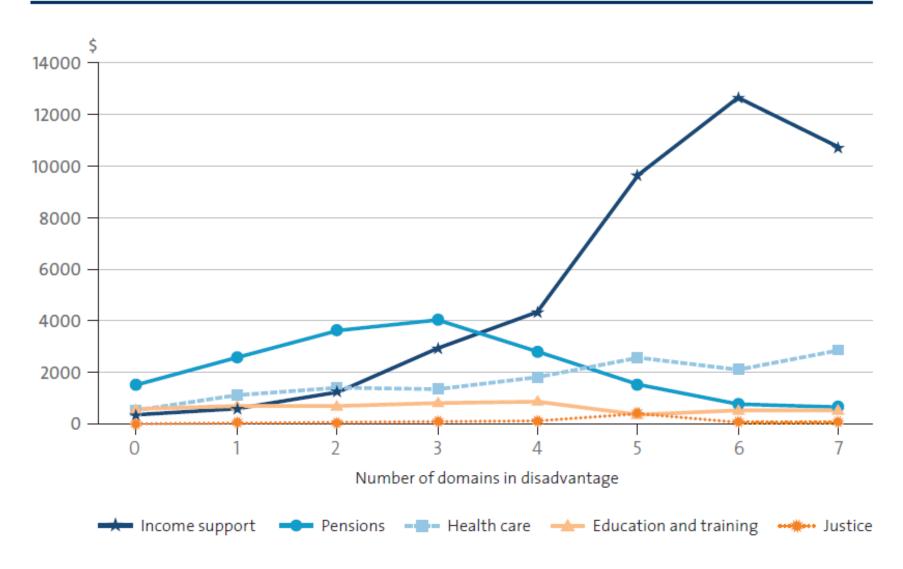


Figure 5 _ Average government expenditure by area for respondents to the 2014 General Social Survey in the 12 months after the survey, by number domains in disadvantage



Source: 2014 General Social Survey linked to the Integrated Data Infrastructure

Non-trivial number with low spend

Spend level	Domains in disadvantage		
	3+	4+	5+
\$0 - \$3,000	31%	25%	16%
\$3,001 - \$10,000	17%	16%	15%
\$10,001 - \$15,000	22%	25%	28%
\$15,001 or more	30%	34%	41%
Total	100%	100%	100%

Want to know more?

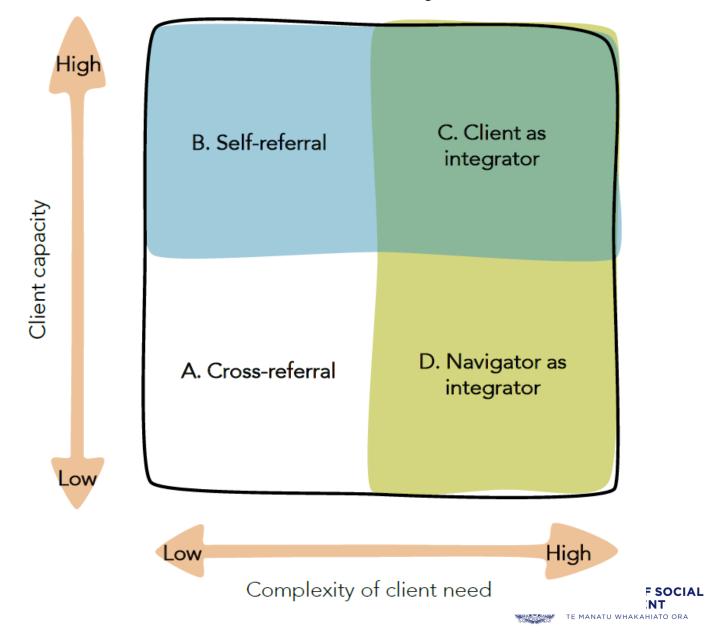
 If you have any questions or would just like to have a chat, please don't hesitate to get in touch.

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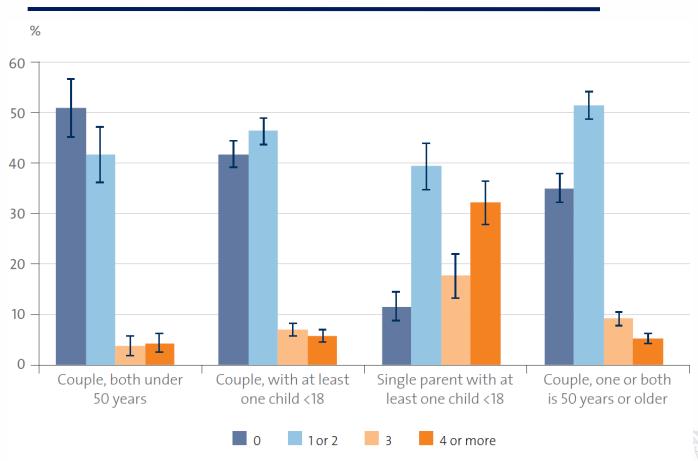


Extra slides

Characteristics of clients of the social services system



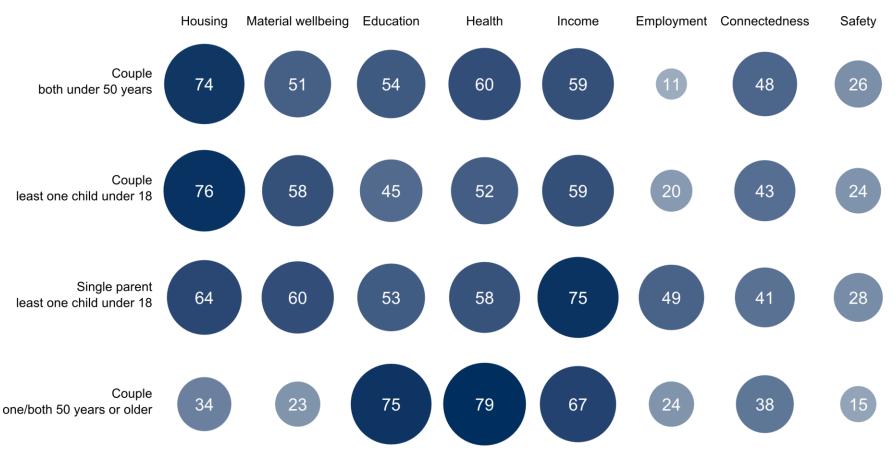
Family type by number of domains in disadvantage





Source: New Zealand General Social Survey 2014

Prevalence of domain disadvantage faced by families with multiple disadvantage (three or more domains in disadvantage)



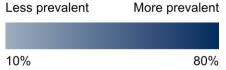


Figure 5 _ Average life satisfaction score, by number of domains in disadvantage

